

Steunvlak

$$|D_n| = 2n$$

D_n-Geo.

- ↳ faserfasen
- ↳ trikristallen

$$f^n = 1 = t^2$$

"id"

$$\boxed{f^k t = t f^{-k}}$$

$\rightarrow \frac{360^\circ}{n}$ spiegeling.

$$f, f^2, \dots, f^{n-1}, f^{-1}, \dots, f^{n-1}$$

(Fixe punten (Lücken))

← anziehend

f-est. a € schilderplaat

$$(t f)^2 = t f t f = t t f^{-1} f = t^2 = 1$$

$$H = \langle 28, 34 \rangle = ? \quad \chi^+ - \text{van.}$$

$$\text{Berechne von } 34 - 28 = 6 \in H$$

\hookrightarrow Upsilon rechts, $\begin{cases} 34 \\ 6 \end{cases} \quad 34 - 6 \cdot 6 = -2 \in H \Rightarrow \Upsilon_{PS} \text{ rechts } \in H$

de uitspraak van Euler, met opeenvolgend waar, resp. waar $28 \in H$

$\langle a, b \rangle = \{ c x + d \mid x, s \in \mathbb{Z} \} =$
 If \mathbb{Z}^+ -val. re'main
 $= (a, b)$ tolesseci.
 en diafa

$$G = S_4 \quad \langle (12), (1234) \rangle \quad H \quad (\text{el} \circ = \text{el} \circ)$$

$$G = S_4, \quad H = \langle (1231), (1234) \rangle = \underline{\underline{S_3}}$$

$$G = S_4, \quad \langle (13), (1234) \rangle$$

$$\rightarrow H \ni (123) \rightsquigarrow (123)^2 = (132)$$

$$(1234) \rightsquigarrow (1234)^3 = (13)(24), (1234)^3 = (1432)$$

id.

$$|H| \geq 6 \quad |H| / |S_3| = 24 \rightarrow 6, 12, 12 / \underline{\underline{24}} \quad \text{Galo}$$

$$(123)(1234) = (1342) \rightsquigarrow (1342)^2 = (1432) : \quad \text{Galo}$$

If wej pc' r wort, len
 13 wsg C, len 13. $(1342)^3 = (1243)$
 $(1234)(123)$ belo'sari, etc.

$$(13) \cdot (1234)$$

$$\text{id} \cdot (1234)^2 = (13)(124), (1234)^3 = (1432)$$

$$(13)(1234) = (12)(34)$$

$$(1234)(13) = (14)(23)$$

$$(13)((13)(124)) = (24)$$

Palle - oddig

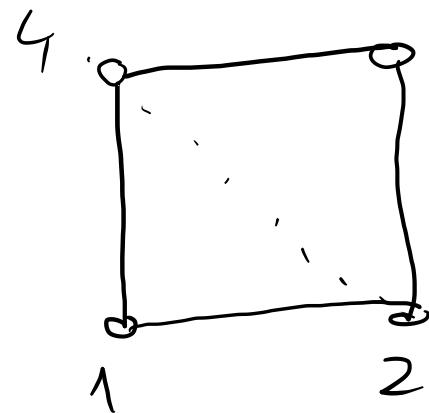
Audorl. öfes striukturess
=> $r \subset P'$

8x8 rottar, (P identific)

de viss c_i : ex ∞_P => ex as endowig.

$$\underline{(12)(23)} = (123)$$

2,4 zældi ✓



$\uparrow 90^\circ$ for (1234)

$t = (12)$ tilde

$\cong D_4$

$$D_n = \left\{ \begin{matrix} 1 \cdot f, \dots, f^{n-1} \\ t, tf, \dots, t f^{n-1} \end{matrix} \right\} = \langle t, f \rangle$$

$$\langle f, tf \rangle = ? \quad \langle t, tf \rangle = ?$$

2 für 2, unzureichend

D_5 -ben

$$\langle t, f^2 \rangle = ?$$

D_6 -Gac

$$\rightarrow (tf) f^{-1} = t \underset{f}{=} f \cdot, tf^i = \langle f, tf \rangle = D_n$$

$$\rightarrow \langle t, tf \rangle = ? \quad t(tf) = f$$

$\overbrace{\qquad\qquad\qquad}^{\substack{\uparrow \\ 2 \text{ redi}}}$

$$\qquad\qquad\qquad \langle t, f \rangle = D_n$$

3. Fehlertyp: 2 2 redi sinnvoll \rightarrow Kapitel 15.

$$D_r \quad \langle t, f^2 \rangle = D_r$$

$f^2, f^4, f^6 = f \underset{t}{\Rightarrow} \text{Kern}$

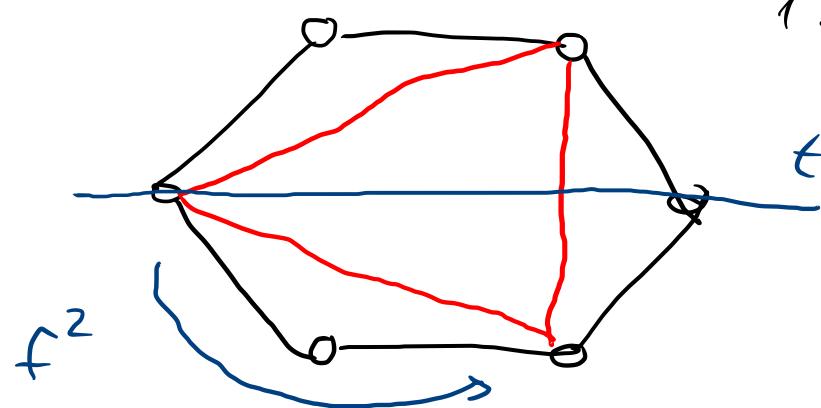
$$D_6 \geq \langle t, f^2 \rangle$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f^2, f^4, f^6 = \omega \\ t f^2, t f^4, t f^6 \\ t f^2, t f^4, t f^6 \end{array} \right\} \quad f^4(t f^2) = t f^{-4} f^2 = t f^4$$

permanently f & iterativ.

1) finit

\parallel \uparrow "t" \uparrow Tabelle, resp.

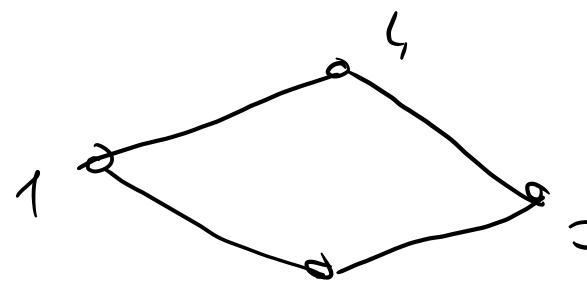
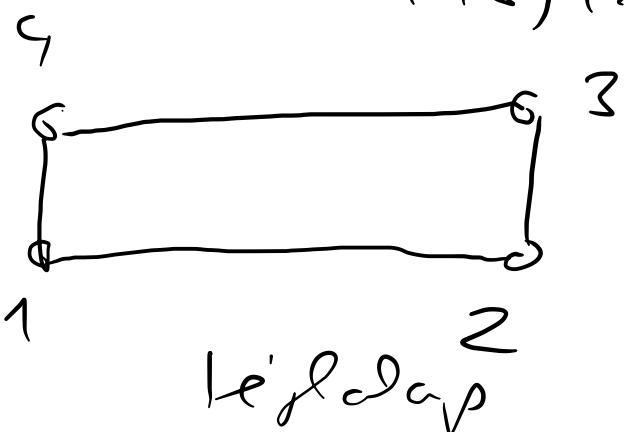


$$S_4 \quad \{ \text{id}, (12)(34), (13)(24), (14)(23) \}$$

ver?

Sk'udci'rd is 8önuj:

$$(13)(24)(12)(34) = (14)(23)$$



versus

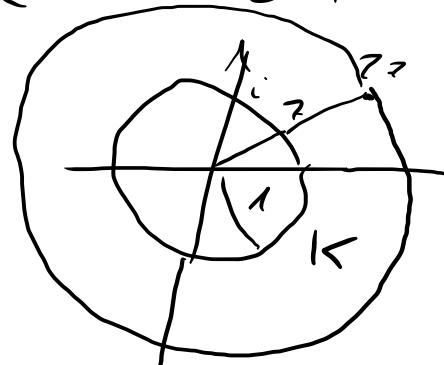
$$\{ \text{id}, (13)(24), (13), (24) \}$$

$$\mathbb{C}^{\times} / \mathbb{K}$$

\rightarrow complex
enriched

$$z = r(\cos \alpha + i \sin \alpha)$$

$$z \mathbb{K} = r \mathbb{K} \quad \text{Rollbewegung: } 20^\circ \text{ um } 0^\circ \text{ im Uhrzeigerrichtung}$$



$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbb{K} \text{ reich verallgemeinert ist} \\ & z \mathbb{K} \quad z \in \mathbb{C}^{\times} \quad \mathbb{K} \subseteq \mathbb{C}^{\times} \\ & \{ z \cdot z^{-1} | z \in \mathbb{K} \} \\ & r \mathbb{K} \Rightarrow \text{rotation} \text{ um } 0^\circ \\ & r \in \mathbb{R} \quad r > 0 \\ & z \mathbb{K} = \mathbb{K} \quad \text{im } 50^\circ \text{ Winkel} \end{aligned}$$

$$(2\mathbb{K}) \cap (3\mathbb{K}) = 6\mathbb{K}$$

$\mathbb{C}^\times/\mathbb{K}$ c. Störker unregt, mit \mathbb{R}^+ , pos. reellen

$r\mathbb{K} \longleftrightarrow r$ ≈ 20 val's
isomorphism.

Horn - Göbel $G/\text{Ker}(\varphi) \cong \text{Im}(\varphi)$

$$G \xrightarrow{\varphi} H$$

$\mathbb{C}^\times/\mathbb{K} \cong \mathbb{R}_+^\times = H$ = pos. reell sch
Gruppe

$$\varphi: \mathbb{C}^\times \rightarrow H$$

$$\varphi(z) = |z|$$

$$G = \mathcal{D}_6$$

$$H = \{1, f^2, f^4\}$$

$$H = \{1, f^3, t, tf^3\} \leftarrow \text{teilerw rep}$$

"2 p fülln"

normalisierbar?

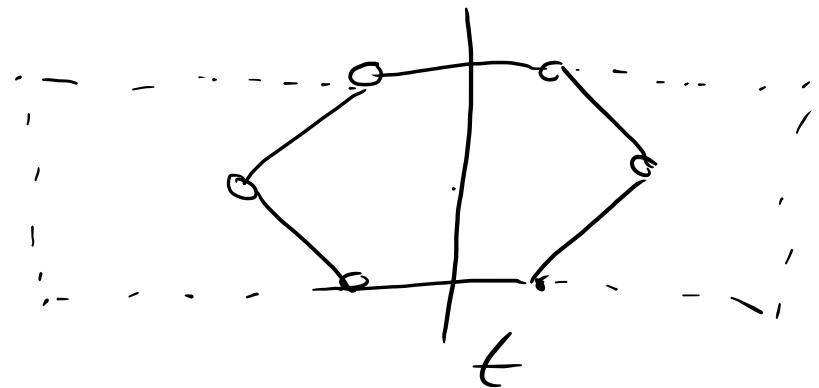
$$fH \stackrel{?}{=} HF$$

$$\{f, f^4, ft, ft + f^3\} \leftarrow$$

$tf^{-1}f^3 = tf^2$

$$HF = \{f, f^4, tf\}$$

bairisch



wie Lause

$$D_6 \quad N = \{1, f^2, f^4\} = \text{id } N = U, \text{id} \quad \text{Klein}$$

$$12/3 = 4 \quad \text{melliorantig}$$

$$fN = \{f, f^3, f^5\} = NF$$

$$tN = \{t, tf^2, tf^4\} \gg$$

$$tU = \{t, f^2t, f^4t\}$$

$$tf^4 + f^2$$

$$N = E = \boxed{1 \ f^2 \ f^4} = f^2 N = f^2 N$$

$$F = \boxed{f \ f^3 \ f^5}$$

$$\overline{T} =$$

$$\boxed{t \ t^3 \ t^5}$$

$$S = \boxed{tf \ tf^3 \ tf^5} \quad \text{Ld i; iss i;}$$

$$\Rightarrow tfN = NF$$

$$D_6/N \cong \text{Klein}$$

E	F	T	S
E	F	T	S
T	E	S	T
T	F	E	E

$$TF = ? \nearrow$$

$$t \ f = tf \in S$$

$$FT = S$$

$$f^4 \text{ how evs?}$$

$$tf^4 = S$$

$$F^2 = E$$

$$f \cdot f = f^2 \in E$$